

## New Zealand and Ireland Dairy Industries

- Grass Based Low Cost
- Seasonal Calving very rapid calving
- 4.5 5.5 lactations per cow
- + 90% of milk production exported
- Must be globally competitive at all times

#### WHY PASTURE SUMMIT?

- 4.2% of world milk supply from NZ & Ireland
- c 80%-85% from grain based Confinement Systems
- c 10-15% Hybrid Grass/Grain Systems
   (Chile, Argentina, Uruguay, Australia, UK etc)

Only NZ & Ireland live or die based on Pasture based systems

# SHOULD WE COOPERATE OR COMPETE?

The relative competitiveness of Grass based systems over time

**Versus** 

Grain based confinement systems is critically important

#### Maize in USA 1900 - 30 Bushels/acre

2017 - Growing 175 Bushels/acre

Rule of 72

**72** 

3% growth/year

24 years to double yield

48 years to quadruple

# HUGE RESOURCES

\$7.5 BILLION

Research pot worldwide

**Driving productivity** 

# GRASS PRODUCTIVITY

#### **Being Optimistic!!!**

Productivity growing @ 0.2%/year

 $\frac{72}{0.2}$  = 360 years to double

And maybe 4-5% of grass reseeded/year

Research resources tiny (possibly 5% of maize research?)

## **GRASS SYSTEMS**

Grass Systems – Highly competitive Now But will they be competitive in

10 years?

20 years?

30 years?

40 years?

### GRASS SYSTEMS

With very limited research resources

NZ – Ireland need to be very conscious of

increasing the rate of innovation of

**Pasture Based Systems** 

#### DESIRED OUTCOMES

- A faster rate of innovation via research collaboration between NZ and Ireland
- Crystal clear focus on profitability and competitiveness in NZ & Ireland
- Build trust and co-operation between Ireland and NZ
- Hence the Pasture Summit Conference

## WHAT FOCUS IS REQUIRED ON FARM?

#### **Examples of 3 wrong approaches**

All driven by a focus on production per cow

## WHAT FOCUS IS REQUIRED ON FARM?

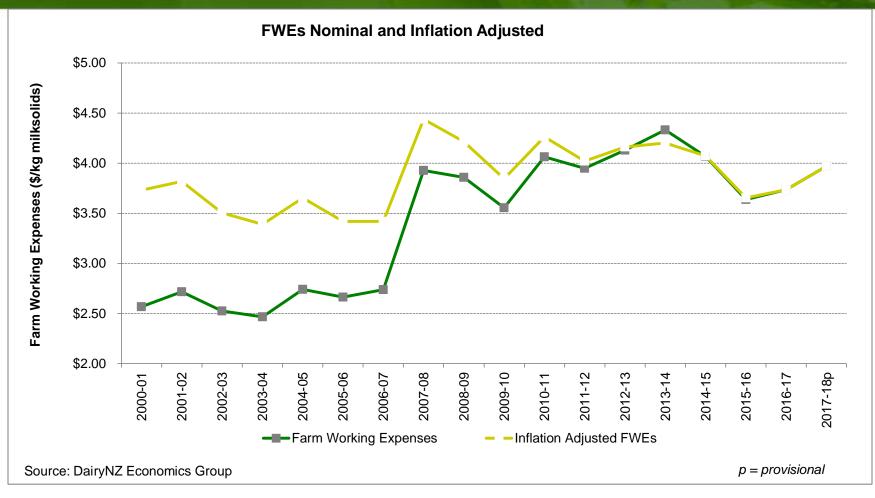
#### <u>1988 – 1995</u>

Ireland – extensive use of Holland genetics

- Huge hit to cow fertility and profitability
- Cows calving 2021 back to fertility of 1988

## 33 wasted years!

## FWE NOMINAL & INFLATION ADJUSTED



Source: DairyNZ Economics Group

#### REPLICATE OR INTENSIFY

#### **Moorepark**

Every 10% increase in bought in feed drops profits by \$170 NZ dollars per Ha

#### New Zealand

Every extra dollar in feed costs
Increases total costs by \$1.64 Waikato
by \$1.77 Canterbury

#### **CORRELATION WITH PROFITS**

#### Low Cost

- 44% Ireland (Moorepark)
- 55% New Zealand (DairyNZ)

#### Milk solids per ha

33% New Zealand & Ireland

#### Yield per cow

- 5% Ireland
- 17% New Zealand

#### **OPPORTUNITIES**

- Clear focus on profitability
- Grow and eat more grass per ha
- Compact calving at the right time
- Good genetics high fertility
- Longevity 5 to 5.5 lactations per cow
- 90% of herd calving in 6 weeks
- Strong focus on good cost control

#### EXTRA GRASS EATEN PER HA

- Value NZ & Ireland +\$300 (NZ) per ton eaten
- 200 ha farm increases grass eaten from 12 tonnes to 16 tonnes
- Extra profit
  - -200 x4 x 300 = \$240,000 (NZ) per year

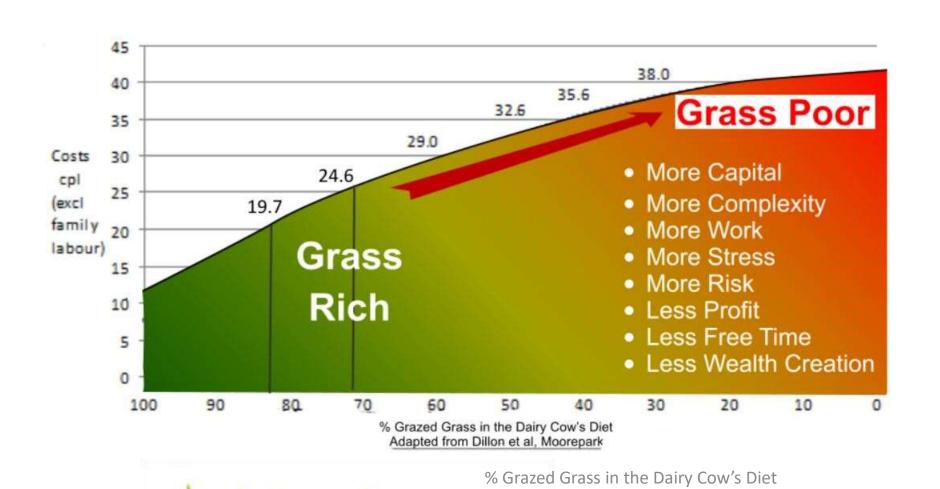
Even in Missouri the value per extra ton eaten per ha = \$300 (NZ) per ha

### FARM PROFITABILITY

#### 2 Year study of Farm Profitability

- Con Hurley and Michael Murphy
- Ireland
- New Zealand
- Northern Ireland
- Australia

#### GRASS RICH OR GRASS POOR?



Adapted from Dillon et al, Moorepark

# CLONAKILTY

HF on Grass	0.81 kgs MS / Kg BW
Xbred on Grass + Clover	1.03 kgs MS / Kg BW

### **APPROPRIATE REGULATION?**

- Methane -12 year life
  - treated as permanent?
- Carbon soak no credit for high organic matter
  - pastoral soils?

#### Food Vs Oil

- Oil demerits credited to importing country
- Food demerits credited to exporting country?
- New Zealand/Ireland governments need to frame more equitable regulation?

#### **NEW TECHNOLOGY?**

#### **Professor Colin Holmes**

- 1918 OAD 50% reduction/cow
- 2018 OAD 18% reduction/cow
- 2040 OAD ?

Possibly 5 - 8% reduction if 15-20 years of intensive selection

Would transform economics/attractiveness of pastoral dairy farming

#### CHALLENGE 'non milk' MILKS

#### Non dairy milks

(Almond, Coconut, Soya, Rice, Pea, etc)

- Now 3% of milk solids sold worldwide
- Now 12% of fluid milk market globally

#### **Nutritional or health benefits?**

- Non existent
- But well marketed and promoted

#### **GRASS FED MILK**

- Contains 10 nutrients essential to human health
- Contains 22 other ingredients

#### May have health benefits now unknown

A GREAT STORY TO TELL

## **HEALTH BENEFITS**

#### CLA'S

- For heart
- Anti carcinogenic

#### HEALTH BENEFITS / OMEGA OILS

#### **Grass fed milk**

Ratio of omega 6 to omega 3 = 2.3
 HUGE BENEFITS to combat obesity & type 2 diabetes

#### **Grain fed milk**

Ratio of omega 6 to omega 3 = 5.8

Very low health benefits

Addition of fish oil?

# IRELAND & NEW ZEALAND The Future

# We have a **GREAT story to tell** but we need to **TELL IT BETTER!**

- Need close cooperation to drive faster innovation on farm and ex farm
- Keep a strong focus on Profitability not production
- Our future is in our own hands

Plenty of reason for cautious optimism If we follow the correct strategies

